

Neutrality is a Fallacy

PHILADELPHIA FEDERAL RESERVE

Workshop on Payments, Lending and Innovations in Consumer Finance



October 27, 2022



What's the HMDA **Database?**

Home Mortgage Disclosure **Act Database:**

- Contains loan-level data for almost all mortgage applications in a given year going back to 1990
- In 2021, there were 23m loan applications + which resulted in 15m mortgage loan originations, approximately a 65% approval rate. For purposes of this analysis we concern ourselves with 'First' mortgages only.

What's the Definition of Fairness?

Adverse Impact Ratio:

- or lower rate than the control group?
- context courts rely on the 4/5ths rule.

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Is a protected group approved at a higher

There are no concrete thresholds for what's considered fair, but in the employment

2021 was the fairest mortgage market since the housing crisis

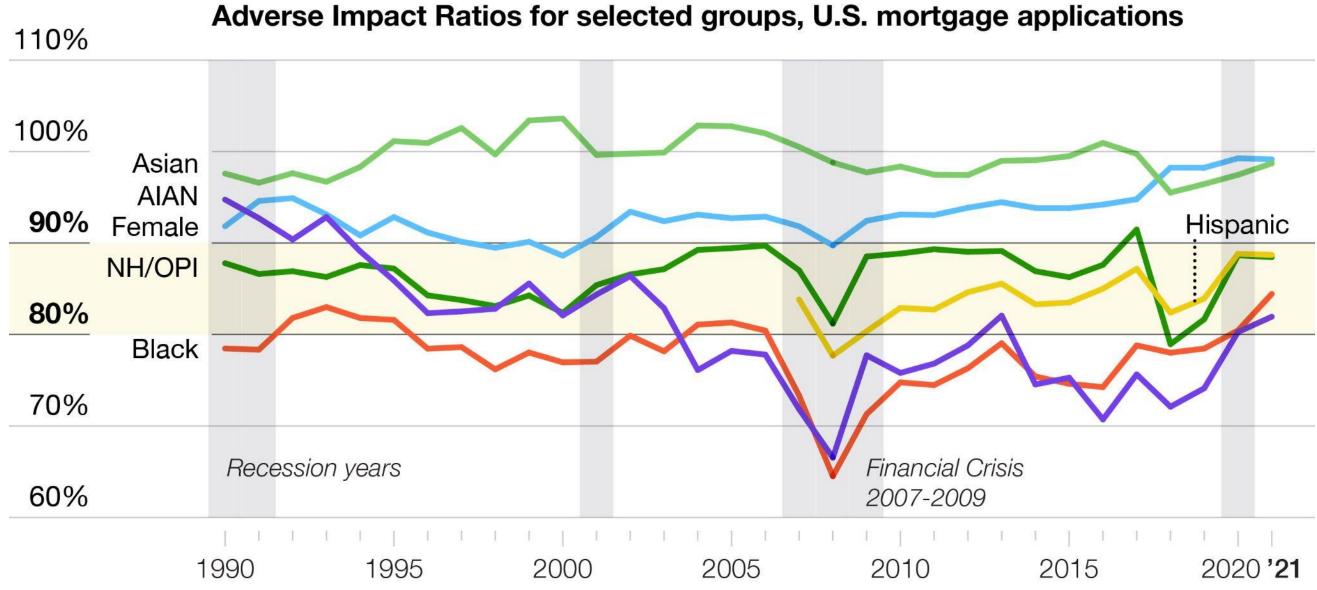
110%	Adverse	Impact Rat	tios for sel	ected groups,	U.S. m	ortgage	appl
100%				Asiar			
90%					-		
80%				NH/OP			
70%				Hispanio			
60%	Recessio	n years		AIAN Black	, 🖊 Fina	ancial Crisis 17-2009	3
	1990	1995	2000	2005	20-	10	20

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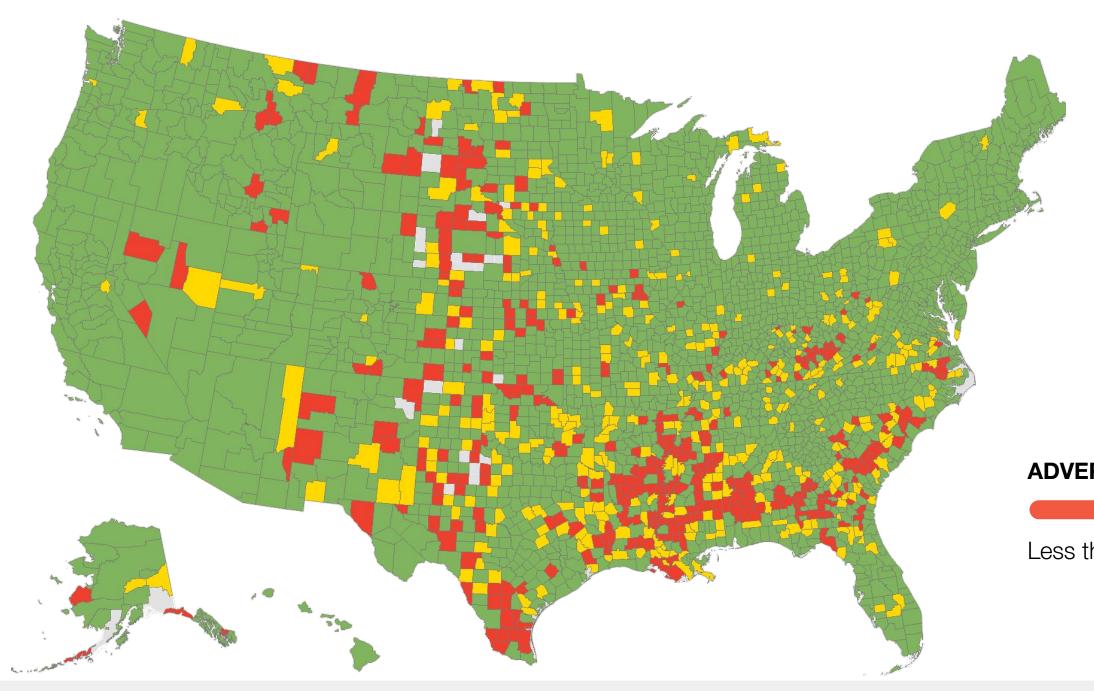
olications



But for most groups, mortgage fairness remains stuck at 1990s levels



U.S. Mortgage Fairness in 2021: Female homebuyers

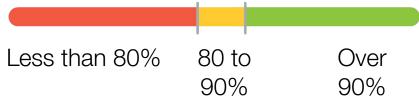


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NATIONAL ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO

Female 99.2%

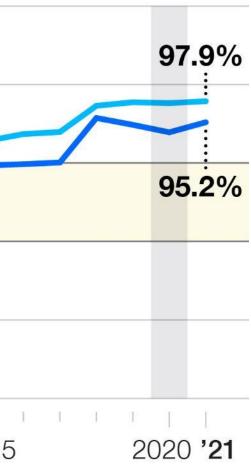
ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO



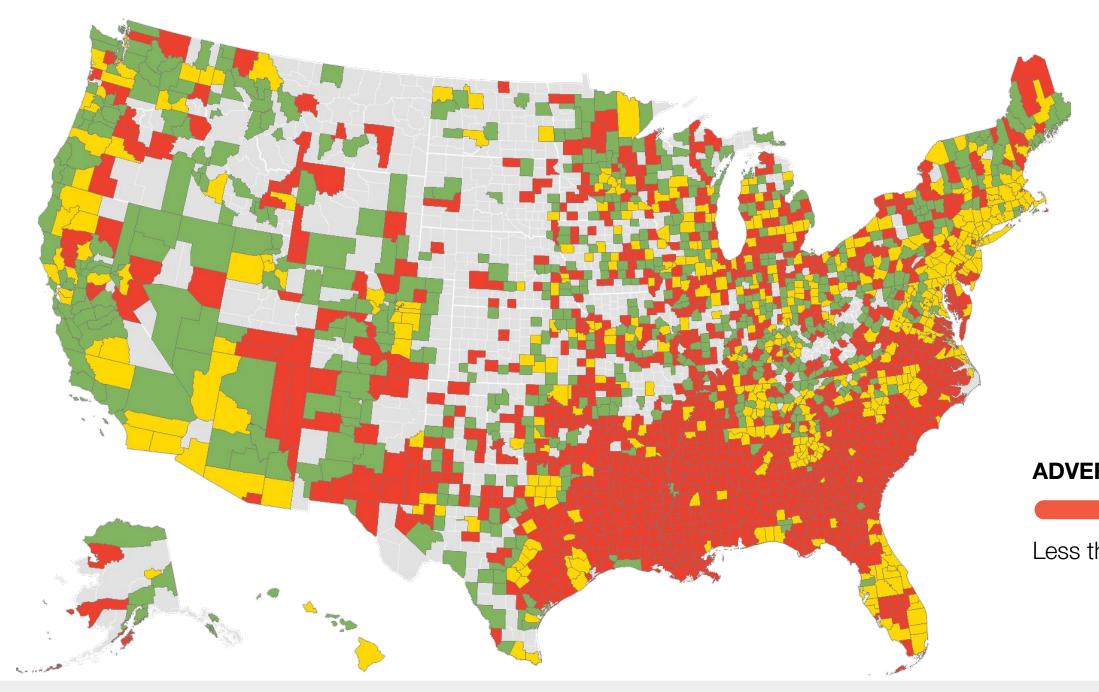
U.S. Mortgage Fairness in 2021: Female Urban vs Rural

- Rural - Urban (As defined by the U.S. Census Bureau) 110% 100% 90% 80% 70% Recession years Financial Crisis 2007-2009 60% 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2015

Urban and rural counties: AIRs for Female mortgage applications



U.S. Mortgage Fairness in 2021: Black homebuyers

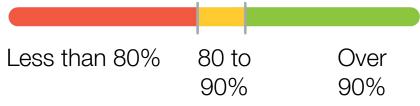


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NATIONAL ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO Black

84.4%

ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO

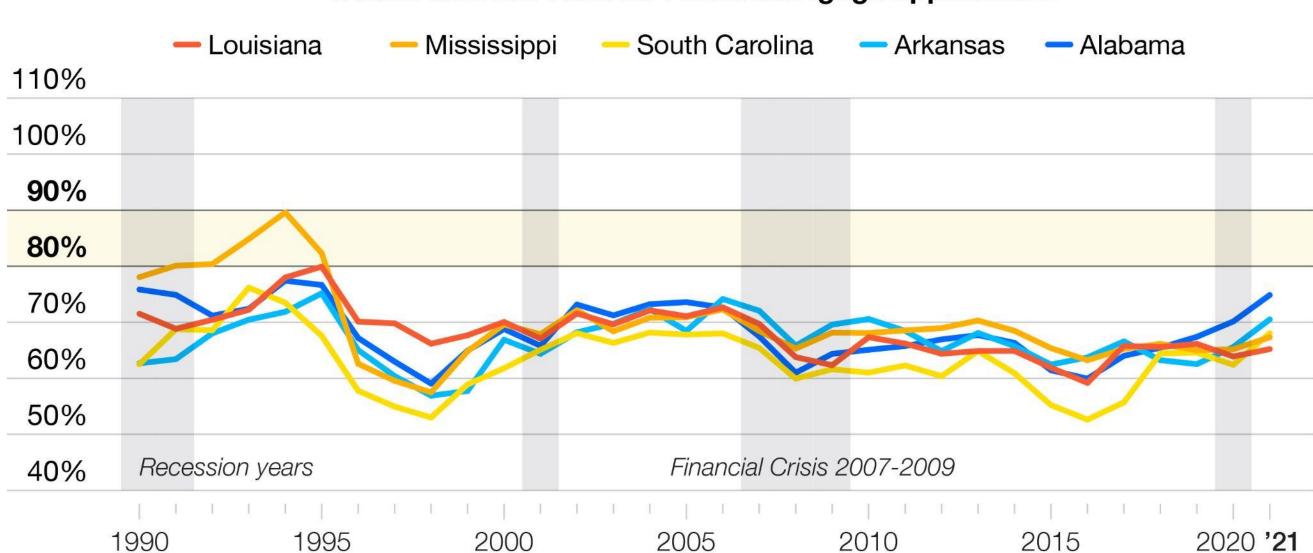


If you're a Black homebuyer, states cluster into one of three groups

BLACK ADVERSE	STATES	2021 AIR	1990-2021 AVERAGE	DIFFERENCE	AVG. MEDIAN INDIV. INCOME	AVG. BLACK POPULATION
High trend AIR states	13	89.0%	83.1%	+5.9	\$61,300	4.6%
Medium trend AIR states Includes D.C.	22	82.1%	74.2%	+7.9	\$58,222	16.1%
Low trend AIR states	5	69.2 %	67.3%	+1.9	\$47,858	27.7%

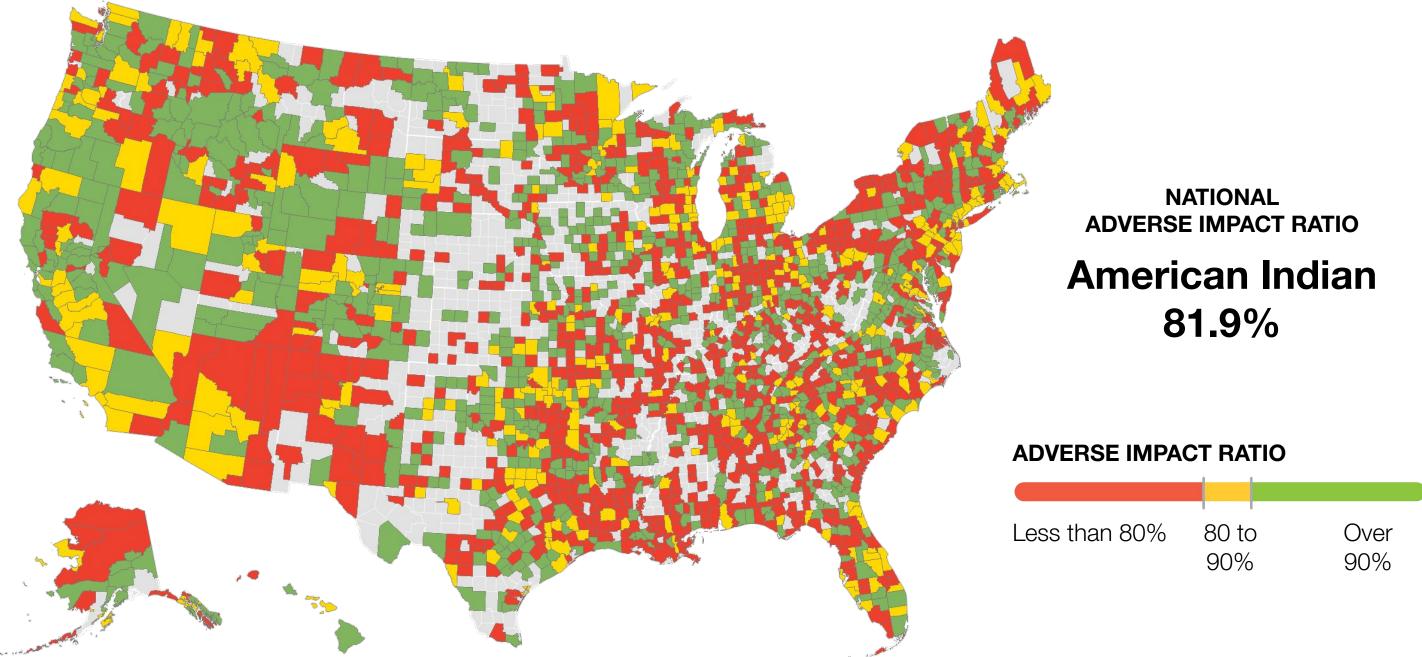
11 other states with small Black populations had more variable trends

Five states are persistently unfair to Black mortgage applicants

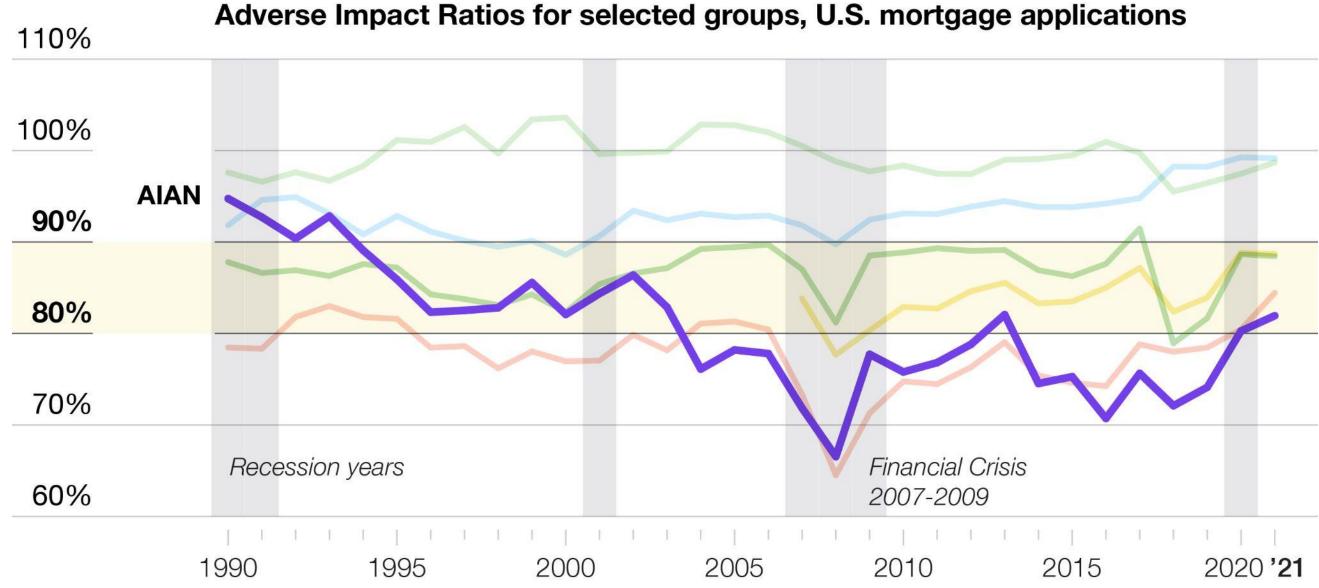


States with low AIRs for Black mortgage applications

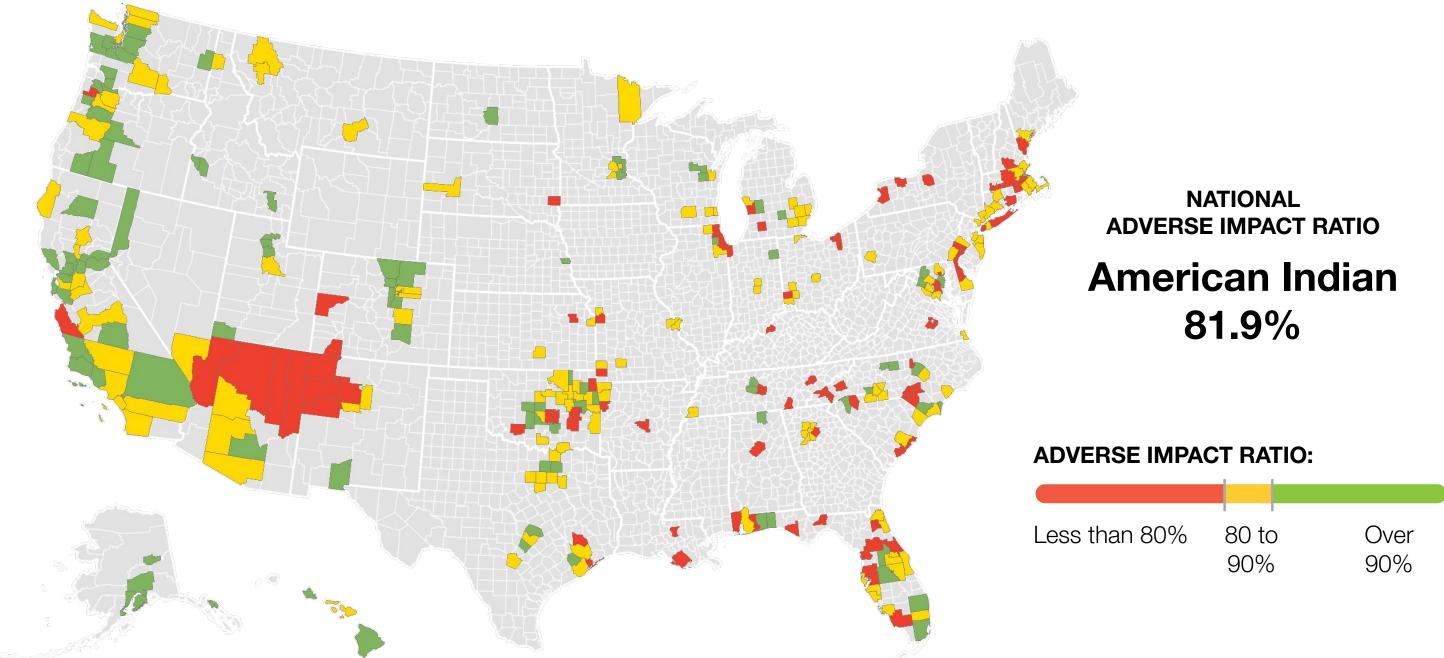
2021 was the fairest market for Native American home buyers since the GFC



Mortgage Fairness for Native Americans is down substantially from **1990 levels**



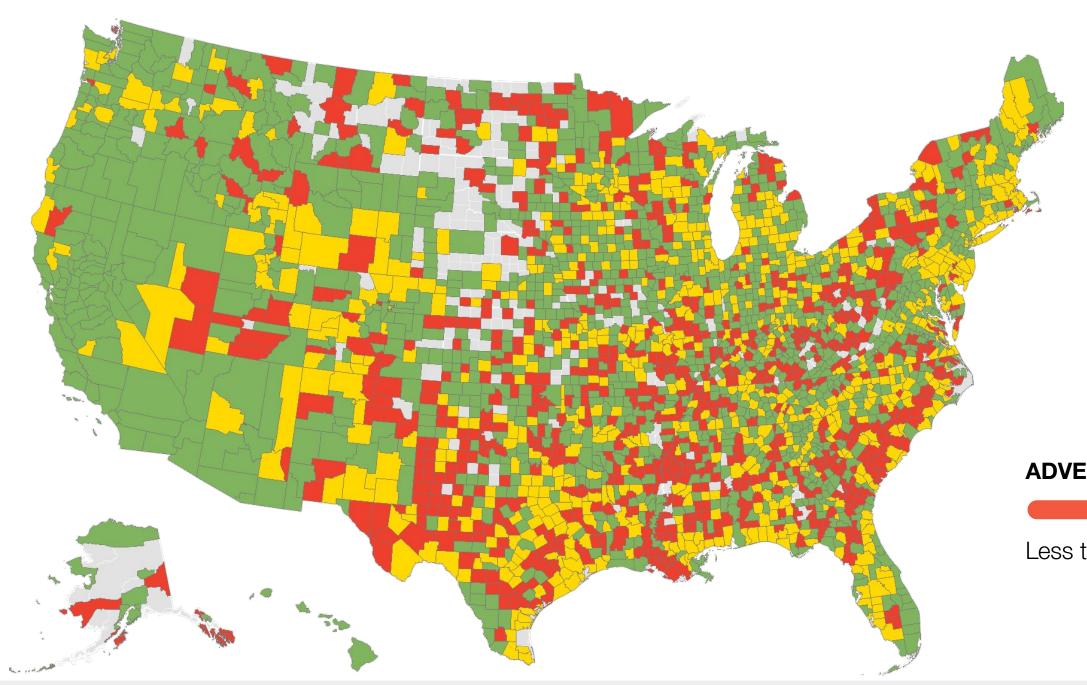
Mortgage Fairness for Native Americans: minimum 30 applications



States that are particularly unfair to Native American Applicants



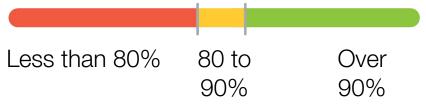
U.S. Mortgage Fairness in 2021: Hispanic



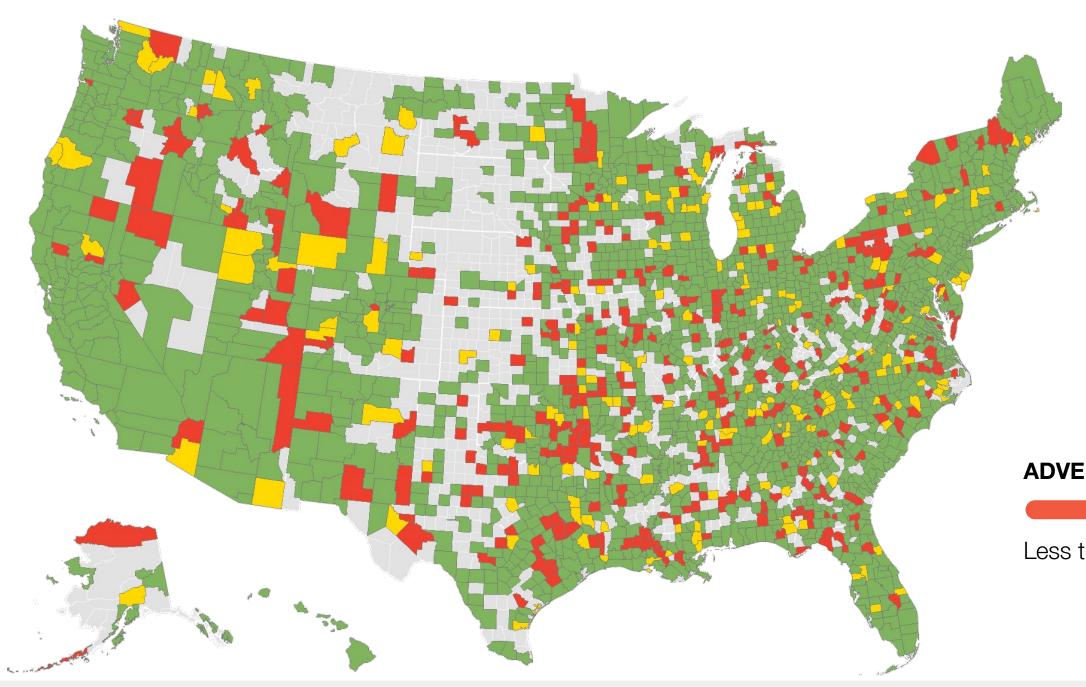
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NATIONAL ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO Hispanic 88.7%

ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO:



U.S. Mortgage Fairness in 2021: Asian

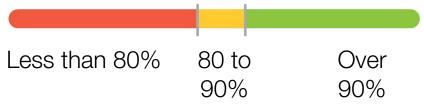


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NATIONAL ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO

Asian 98.7%

ADVERSE IMPACT RATIO:

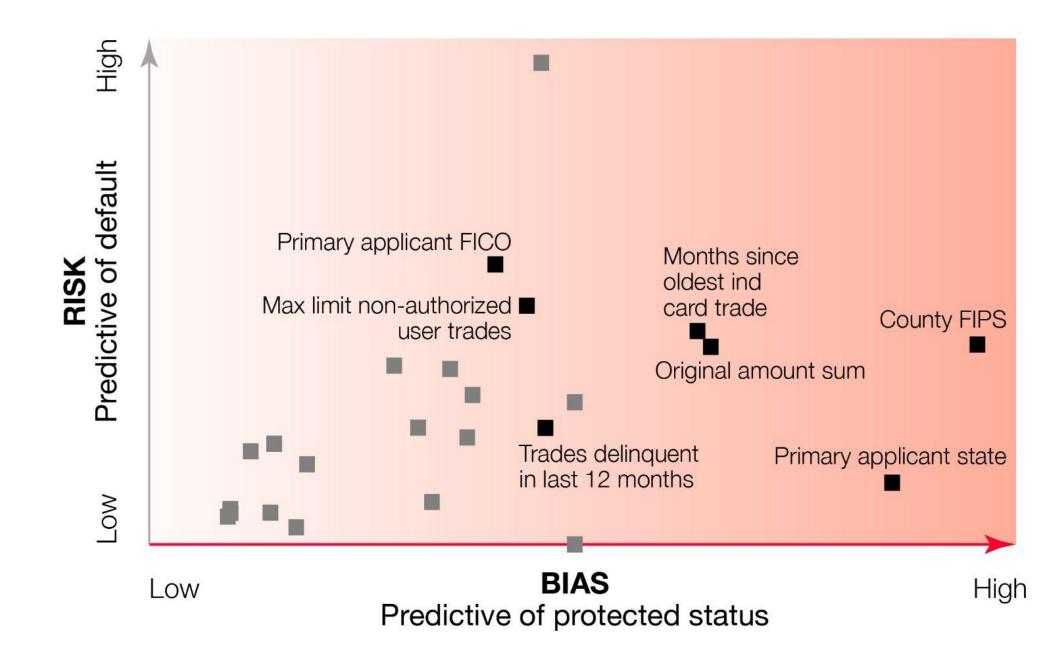


The State of Mortgage Fairness in 2021

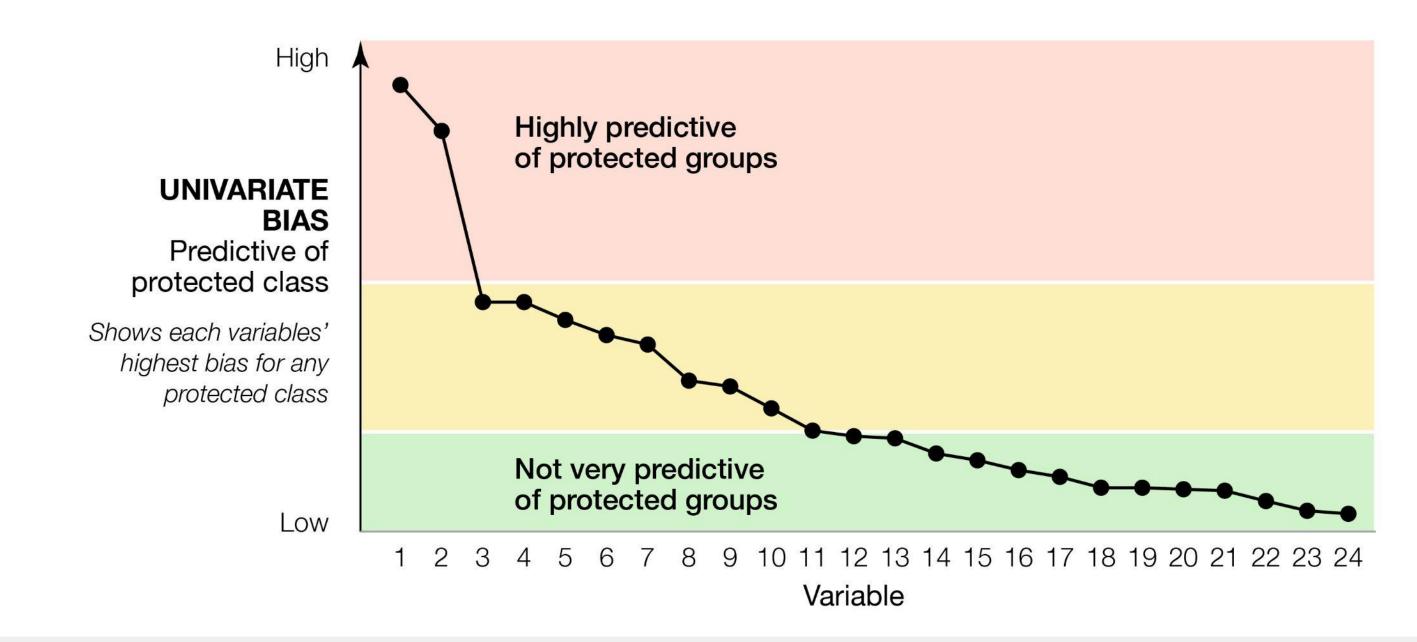
- For most groups, mortgage fairness is no higher today than it was in 1990 +
- Mortgage fairness for black homebuyers appears stuck in neutral +
 - Urban vs Rural +
 - Several persistently unfair states no matter how good the + macroeconomic environment is
- Alarming drop in mortgage fairness for Native Americans going back to 1990 +
- Mortgage fairness for women has improved somewhat in the last 30 years. +



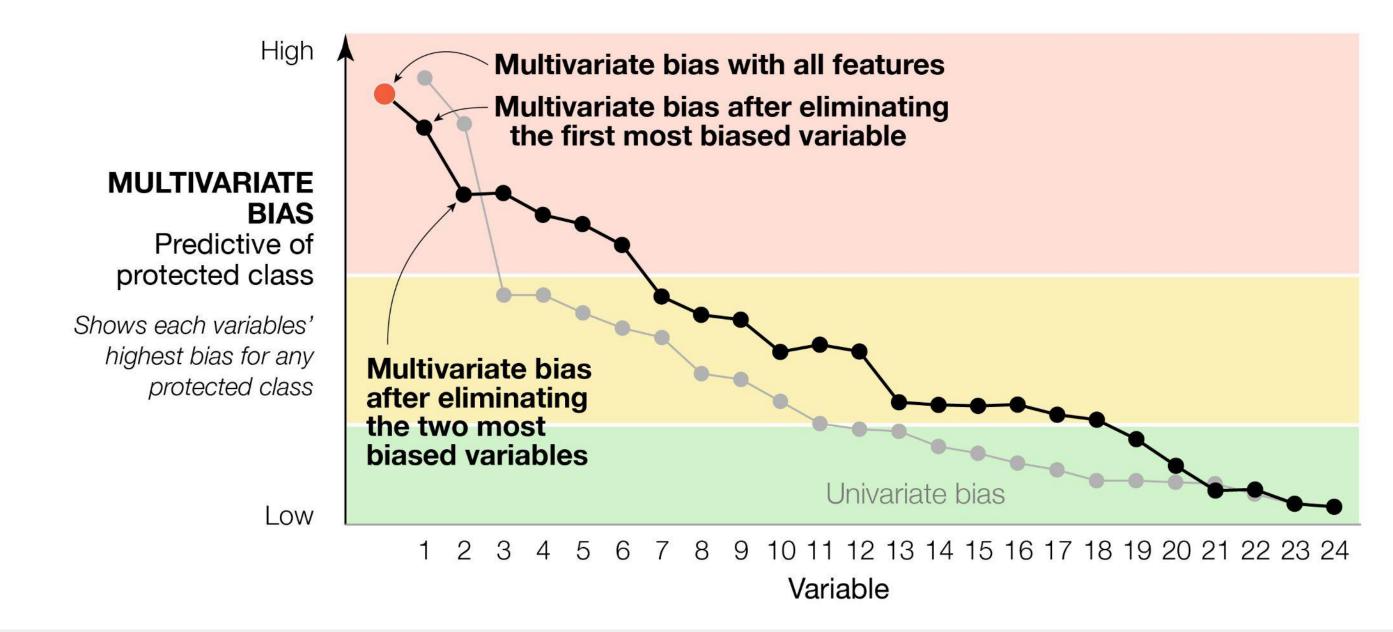
Variables that appear objective often aren't



Univariate Bias: potential bias of each variable in a 24-variable model



Multivariate Bias: model bias persists even after progressive elimination of most biased variables



Neutrality is a Fallacy



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Could Fairness Through Awareness do better?



fairplay © Igor Zubkov, Dreamstime.com

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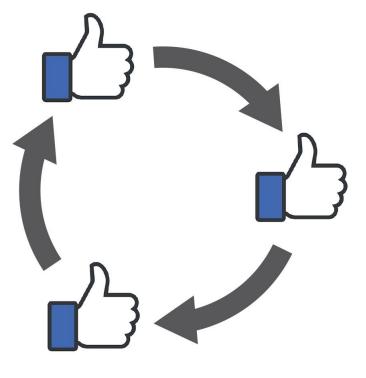
ML algorithms relentlessly pursue their target to achieve the most accurate outcome



Every algorithm must be given a target

Social media algorithms seek to maximize their target: engagement



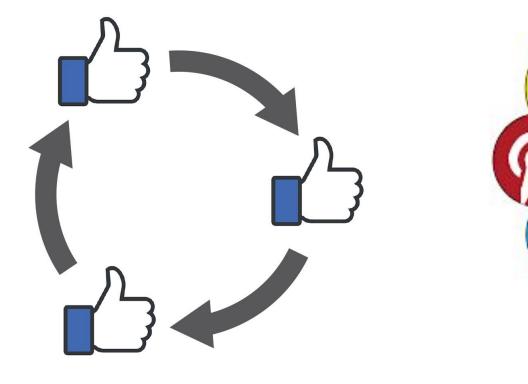


Every algorithm must be given a target

Social media target: Maximize engagement

The algorithm single mindedly focuses on engagement regardless of whether it's good for your health or good for society





Every algorithm must be given a target

Social media target: Maximize engagement

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Without regard for societal harm

Giving an algorithm one target is problematic: imagine a self-driving car whose only target was to get you from point (a) to point (b)



Target: Get from point (a) to point (b)

Self-driving cars have a second target: Safety



Target: Get from point (a) to point (b)



Second Target: Safety (obey traffic laws; avoid accidents with cars, pedestrians, cyclists, etc)

We can do this in financial services: Target a low risk of default . . .



Target: Low risk of default

We can do this in financial services: Target a low risk of default . . . while also targeting fairness



FAIR

Target: Low risk of default

Second Target: Fairness



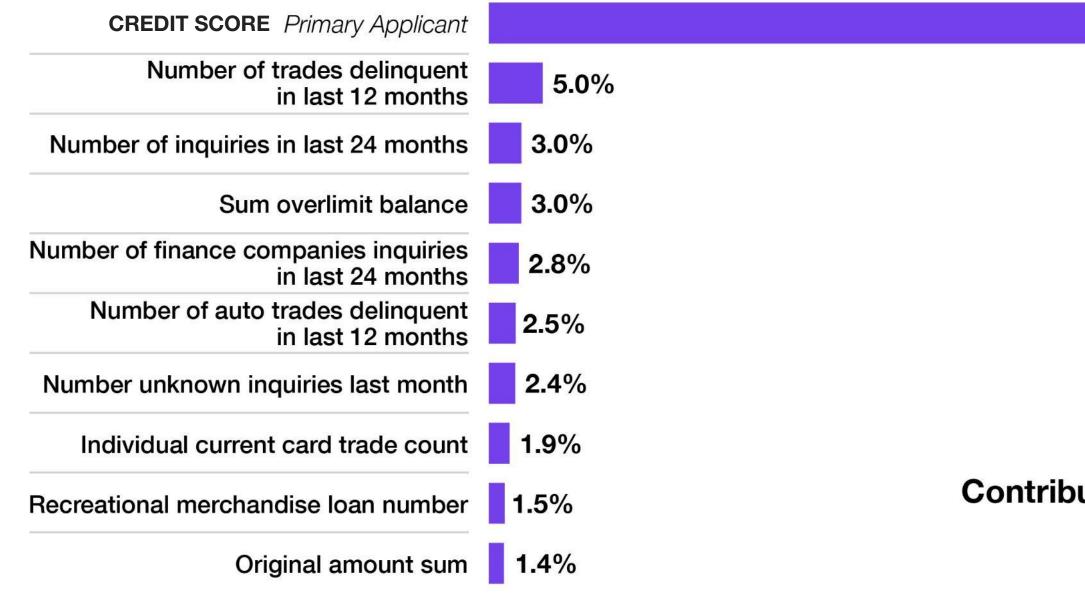
Could AI Fairness Techniques Do Better?

		Lender's Model
Accuracy		95.63%
Black	AIR	75%
Hispanic	AIR	103%
API	AIR	108%
Female	AIR	92%
Age 62+	AIR	117%

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+

10 variables drove 93.4% of [Lender] model's predictive power



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69.9%

Contribution percentile Top 10 Variables Shapley values

Credit Scores drive most of the disparity for protected applicants

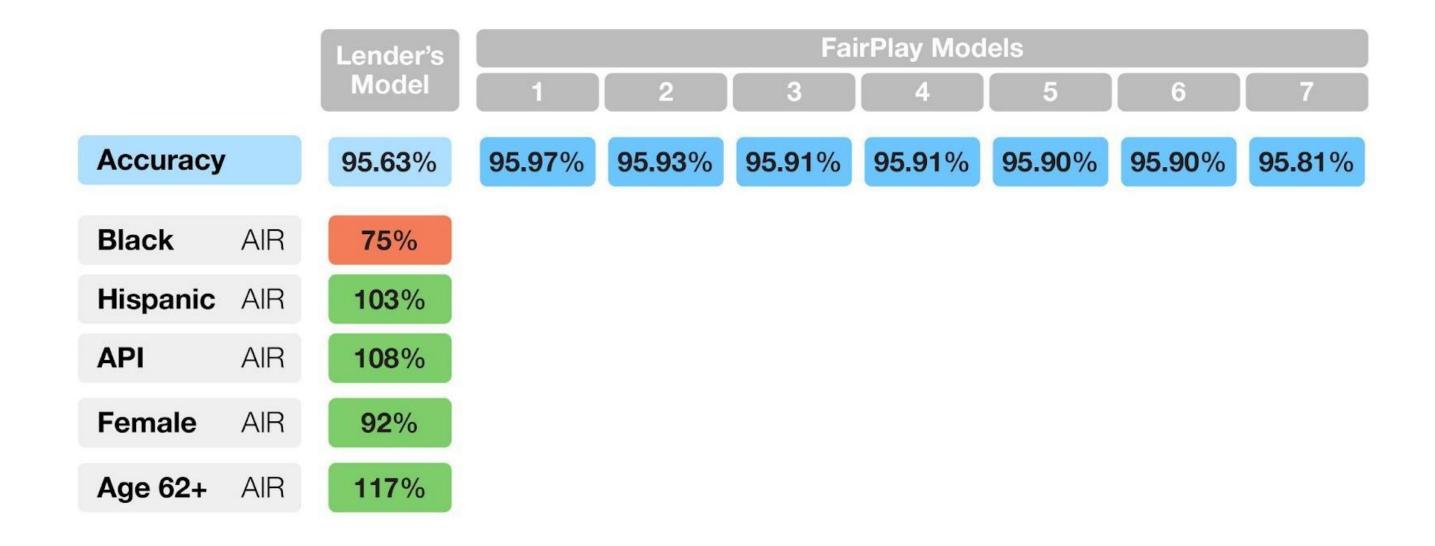
CREDIT SCORE Primary Applicant		
Number of trades delinquent in last 12 months	4.3%	
Number of finance companies inquiries in last 24 months	3.4%	
Number of inquiries in last 24 months	3.1%	
Original amount sum	2.2%	
Sum overlimit balance	2.0%	
Individual current card trade count	1.9%	
Number unknown inquiries last month	1.7%	
Number of auto trades delinquent in last 12 months	1.6%	Dispa
Min months delinquent open	1.5%	

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Top 10 Variables Shapley values

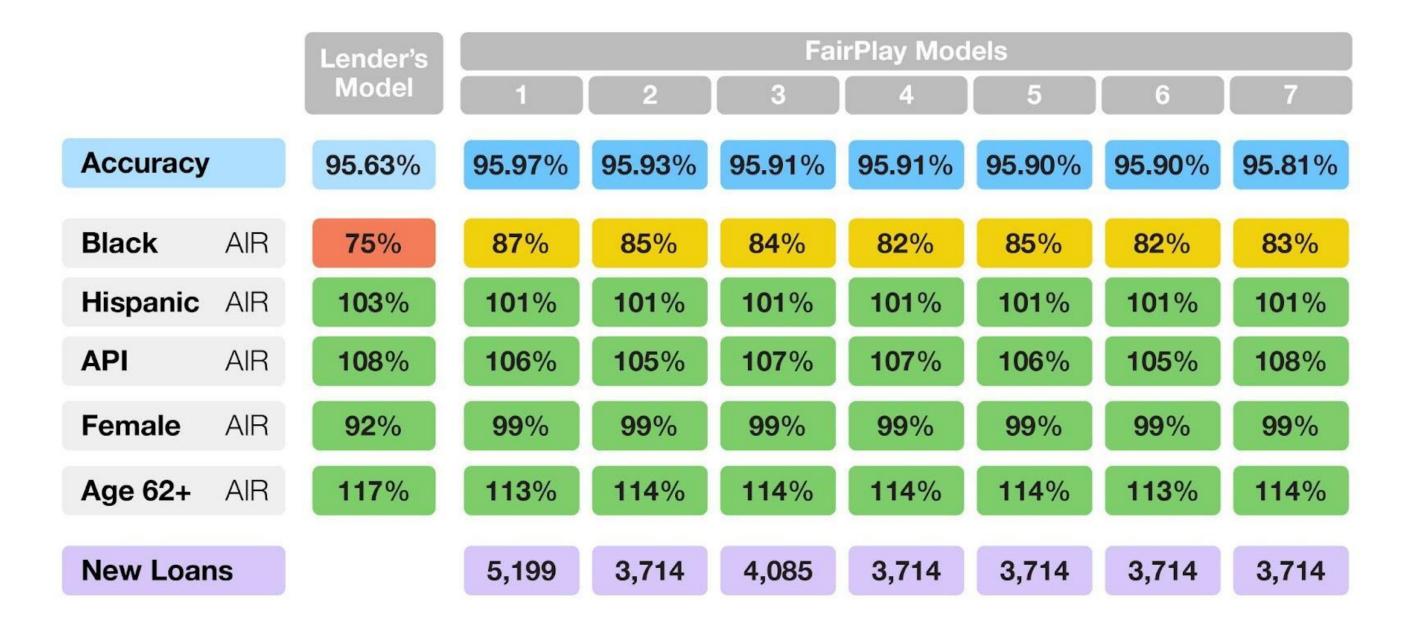
FairPlay identified 7 Second Look models as accurate as [Lender's] . . .



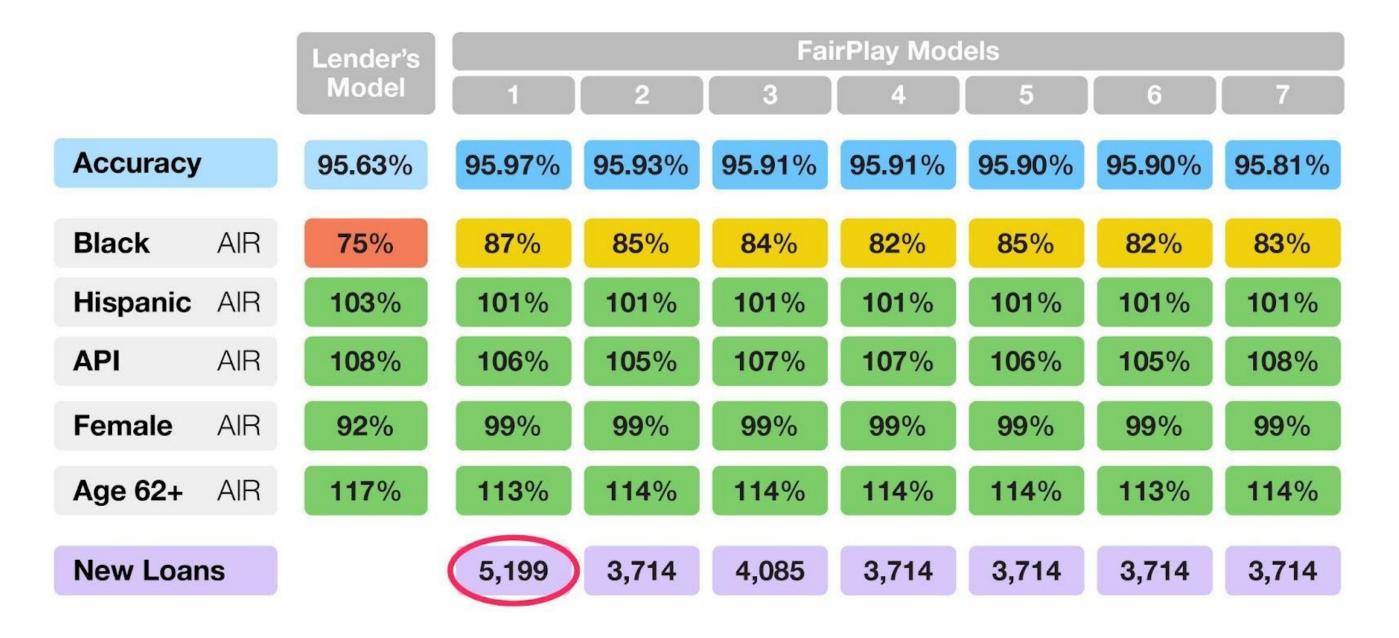
... that significantly improved fairness for Black and Female applicants



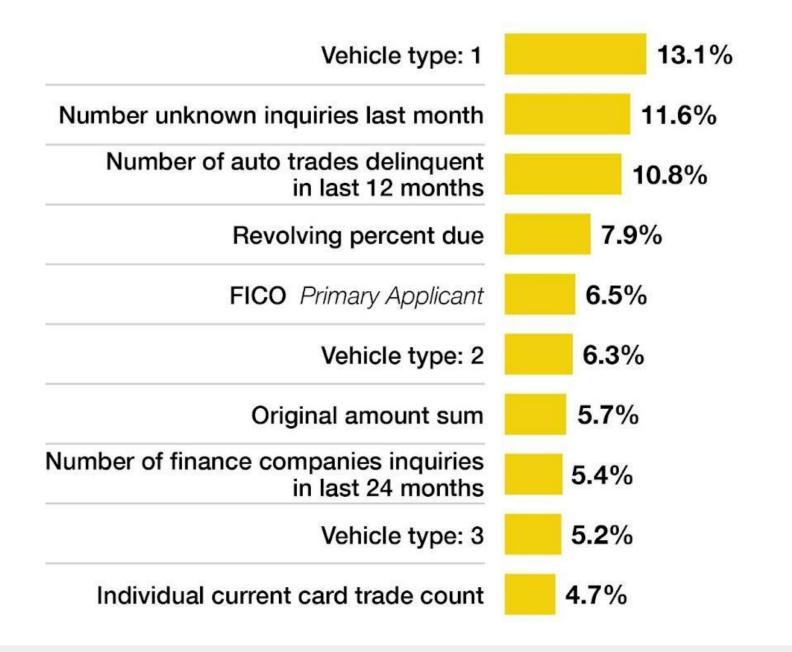
... and produced between 3,700 and 5,200 new loans for approval



... and produced between 3,700 and 5,200 new loans for approval



The Second Look Models Make Use of More Variables



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Second Look **Drivers of Difference** Top 10 Variables Shapley values

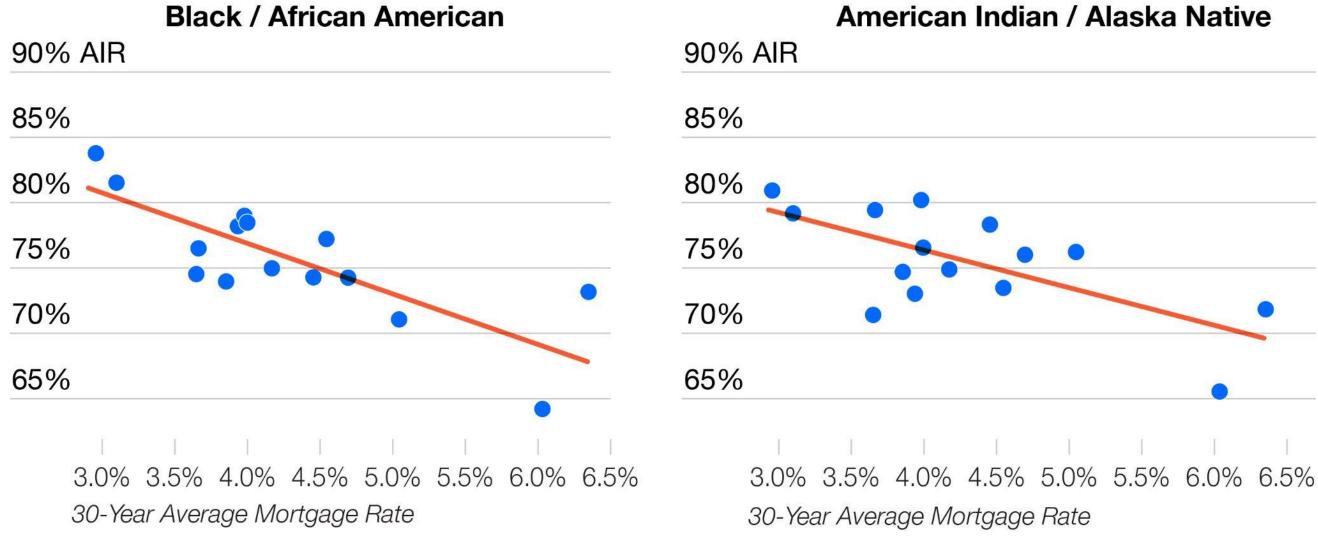
Increasing approvals for protected groups ≠ increased risk

Protected Class		Success Ratio						
Female	99.92					[
Black	99.91		1]				
Hispanic	99.93]				
API	100.03)			Þ	
AIAN	99.98		1				•	
2+ races	99.89]				
Under age 25	100.05)			Þ	
Over age 62	99.96	95%	96%	97%	98%	99%	• 100%	 101%



Is mortgage fairness about to get worse?

National Mean AIRs vs 30-Year Mortgage Rate, 2007-2021



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21 / Alaska Native

"Changing algorithms is easier than changing people"

University of Chicago economist, Sendhil Mullainathan



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